Intermediate Math Circles Fall 2019 Fun With Inequalities

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- We looked at the definition of "less than or equal to"
- We looked at some properties of "less than or equal to"
- We proved one of them

• We used those properties to help us solve linear inequalities with one variable (Algebraically and representation on number line)

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- We solved word problems using linear inequalities with one variable

Plan for week 2

- Solve Absolute Value Inequalities (Single Variable) and Rational Inequalities (Single Variable).
- Prove some properties of the Absolute Value Function.

Solving Absolute Value Inequalities (Single Variable)

What is absolute value?

Definition

The *absolute value* |b| of a real number *b* is defined to be *b* if *b* is positive or zero, and to be -b if *b* is negative.

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What does this look like in "math speak"?

$$|b| = \begin{cases} b & \text{if } b \ge 0 \\ -b & \text{if } b < 0 \end{cases}$$

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Another cool way of expressing absolute value is as follows

$$|b| = \sqrt{b^2}$$

Another way to think about *absolute value* is the distance from a *special point*. Sometimes that *special point* is zero, sometimes it is non-zero, and

sometimes there are multiple *special point*. To find these *special point* we

need to set what's contain in each absolute value to zero and solve.

Examples

Solve each of the following equations and inequalities.

- |x| = 12
- ${\bf 2} |x| \geq 5$
- |x+6| = 5
- $|x 4| \ge 1$
- |x-3| + |x+6| < 13

Challenge

Prove the following:

$$|-x| = x$$

$$|x| - |y| \le |x - y|$$

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$$||x| - |y|| \le |x - y|$$

Before we deal with inequalities let's work with equalities first.



The most important thing to remember when solving rational equalities is

DON'T DIVIDE BY ZERO!

Solving rational inequalities is what you would expect. It is similar to solving rational equalities, expect for that pesky property 7.

Just like when solving rational equalities you need to be aware when the denominator can be zero and exclude those values from your answer.

Example
Solve the inequality
$$\frac{4}{x} < -\frac{5}{6}$$
 algebraically.

Example

For our example, can you spot the error in the following solution?

$$\frac{1}{6} < -\frac{5}{6}; \qquad x \neq 0$$

$$4(6) < -5(x)$$

$$\frac{24}{-5} < \frac{-5x}{-5}$$

$$-\frac{24}{5} > x$$

$$x < -\frac{24}{5}$$

Challenge

Solve the inequality
$$\frac{-2}{x+4} \geq \frac{3}{x-1}$$
 algebraically.

Thank you!

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