Problem of the Week
Problem A and Solution
Perfect Punch

Problem
Su is going to make punch for her friends. She wants to mix 3 L of orange juice, 1 L of pop, \( \frac{1}{2} \) L of grape juice, and 300 mL of cranberry juice in a punch bowl.

(a) To avoid spilling, Su plans to use a punch bowl with a capacity of at least 200 mL more than the liquid it holds. What is the smallest capacity that her punch bowl should have?

(b) Su has cups that can each hold 300 mL of punch. How many of these cups can she fill with the punch she makes?

Solution

(a) The smallest capacity of the punch bowl is the sum of the volumes of each liquid, plus the 200 mL of extra space to avoid spilling.

One way to calculate this would be to convert all the volumes to millilitres.

- 3 L = 3000 mL
- 1 L = 1000 mL
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) L = 500 mL

So the minimum capacity is 3000 + 1000 + 500 + 300 + 200 = 5000 mL.

Alternatively, we might notice that the sum of the volume of cranberry juice and the extra room for spillage is: 300 + 200 = 500 mL or \( \frac{1}{2} \) L.

So the minimum capacity is \( 3 + 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 5 \) L.

(b) The volume of punch is 3000 + 1000 + 500 + 300 = 4800 mL.

We can use skip counting to figure out how many cups of punch Su can fill:
300, 600, 900, 1200, 1500, 1800, 2100, 2400, 2700, 3000, 3300, 3600, 3900, 4200, 4500, 4800

We can see from this that Su can fill 16 cups with punch.

Alternatively, we can calculate the number of cups of punch by dividing 4800 \( \div \) 300 = 16 cups.